



EDR vs. XDR

Endpoint Detection & Response (EDR) and Extended Detection & Response (XDR) – though only one letter apart in acronyms — provide substantially different outcomes for cybersecurity teams. Here, we break down what teams can expect out of the two solutions.

EDR	XDR
Focused protection on endpoints	 Broad detection through a diverse set of integrations across endpoints, cloud, user, network, and other vectors
Uses machine learning to detect and prevent against malware and ransomware	EDR capabilities + machine learning-powered analytics to correlate activity and identify threats
Standalone tool with minimal integration capabilities	 Unified security platform that integrates across other tools, serving as a single reference point for analysts
Doesn't require advanced security maturity	 Requires advanced security maturity/ established security team
 Blocks attacks at the endpoint; provides detection alerts, host isolation, automated response 	 EDR capabilities + scaled centralized management and execution capabilities across multiple threat vectors, environments, and solutions

While EDR is more readily implemented into a security team's existing toolset, XDR is far more effective at boosting teams' ability to monitor, detect, and respond across the organization's full attack surface.

Wondering which solution is best for your organization's needs? Why not both? With Elastic Security's Limitless XDR, EDR is a key component — alongside SIEM and cloud security — of the comprehensive solution. Learn more at: elastic.co/security